

فَامَّامَنُ أُوْقِ كِتَابَهُ بِيَمِيْنِهِ فَسَوْفَ يُحَاسَبُ حِسَابًا يَّسِيْرًا ـ (الانتقاق: ٤-٨)

04	FEBRUARY #
UI	FEBRUARY 9 MONDAY 8



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فجر	طلوع آفتاب	ظهرين	غروبآفتاب	مغربين
5:54	7:14	12:55	6:31	6:43



Then as to him who is given his book in his right hand, he shall be reckoned with by an easy reckoning. (Surah Inshiqaq 84:7-8)

02 FEBRUARY



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فجر	طلوع آفتاب	ظهرين	غروبآفتاب	مغربين
5:54	7:14	12:55	6:31	6:43



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اَلِالَهُ الْحُكُمُ وَهُوَ اَسْرَعُ الْحَاسِبِيْنَ. (الانعام: ٩٢)

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	5:54	7:14	12:56	6:31	6:43	



Now surely His (Allah's) is the judgment and He is swiftest in taking account. (Surah Anaam 6:62)

04 FEBRUARY THURSDAY	ماهربيع الثاني ^ع (جمعــــــرات آ
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فجر	طلوع آفتاب	ظهرين	غروبآفتاب	مغربين
5:53	7:13	12:56	6:32	6:44



إِنَّ اللهُ سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ (العمران:١٩٩)

Surely Allah is quick in reckoning. (Surah Aale Imran 3:199)

05	FEBRUARY # FRIDAY 8
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فجر	طلوع آفتاب	ظهرين	غروبآفتاب	مغربين
5:53	7:13	12:56	6:32	6:44



Religion, in fact, is assistance to the Imam of Time (a.s.)

Assistance means help: who is the helper, one, who assists. Has one gained the recognition of one, whose assistance one is claiming? Is it possible to help the Imam, without building character and spirituality? Is such a being, who has discretion over the whole universe, himself a perfect human being? Does he not expect his helpers to adopt perfect belief and a firm character and along with spirituality present themselves before their Imam? Indeed, the emphasis of the Imam (a.s.) is on quality and not quantity. The oppressed Imam (a.s.) is like Imam Husain (a.s.), who handpicked his companions and took them on mission of Kerbala. We have to make ourselves strong through spirituality. Till we are not prepared to dedicate our body, heart, property, family, honor and respect to the being of that divine representative, we cannot become true helpers. We would have to change our inner blackness into good deeds: like Hurr Ibne Yazid Riyahi, for whom the revelationary words of Imam Husain (a.s.) even today carry means of intercession for sinners and criminals: "We call you from past sins towards repentance; there is time still; you can fulfill the right of our assistance and seek divine forgiveness."

Come, let us assure the Imam of our Time (a.s.) through our character and actions, and after making our thoughts, bodies, souls pure, present them to Imam Zamana (a.s.). The door of repentance is open. Imam (a.s.) is himself door of repentance; when why the delay? The Husain of today and the absolute divine representative of this time, who is the watchful eye upon us from Almighty Allah, is calling us to join his helpers. Remember that if we don't render help, he will not lose anything. He says: "We don't feel lonely even if the whole world deserts us."



Maturity of human intellect and Imam (a.s.)

A point derived from this tradition through contemplation, which compels us to surrender to the Imam of Time (a.s.) and makes his love and mastership (*Wilayat*) enter the depths of human heart; it is that when intellect is under the jurisdiction of his rule and mastership, other creatures are also under his domination. Intellect, in spite of that is the greatest of creation and is a divine effulgence.

Which is the cause of receiving everlasting Paradise in this condition that intellect is under control of Imam Zamana (a.s.) and comes into being through his command. Now pay attention that one, who is controlling effulgence of intellect and having this kind of rulership and mastership, what his dominion must be on other creatures? Thus, he is the ruler on all other existing things as well, according to the rule of precedence.

Pay attention that one, who illuminates the intellect through his illuminated hands and effulgence of intellect spreads out from him, what kind of effulgence he must be? And what is his effect in other kinds of worlds? In any way that being, which is itself dominating and surrounding the effulgence of the sun and the moon, in other words, whatever is present in the world of being is under the shade of his power. And except for Allah, everything is under his control. Imam Zamana (a.s.) is present in the form of a guide. It is our responsibility to seek guidance through him. Just as though it rains everywhere, but only fertile lands absorb water and transform into gardens.

We are gaining through the grace of Imam Zamana (a.s.). Our soul and body is being nurtured through blessings of Holy Imam (a.s.) and we are recipients of divine grace. But our scroll of deeds is empty. That is why, we beseech Imam in a regretful manner that we neither recognized his right nor valued him. We benefited from Imam (a.s.) at every step, but gave nothing to



him. Obtained sustenance through his sake, but did not spend anything on his path. We used him at every juncture, but did nothing for his mission, and neither bore any hardship.

Dear Imam (a.s.), due to shame, this humble servant requests you to convert this nameless drop into a pearl as this is possible only from you. Your grace continues on one and all, but you have to care for one, who has come to your door. So dear Master, why the delay?



24:00

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ امَّنُوا اتَّقُوْا اللَّهَ وَلْتَنْظُرْ نَفْسٌ مَّا قَدَّمَتْ لِغَيٍ. (الحر: ١٨)

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مغربين غروبآفتاب ظهرين طلوعآفتاب فجر 5:53 7:13 12:56 6:32 6:44



O you who believe! fear Allah, and let everyone consider what he or she has sent on for the hereafter. (Surah Hashr 59:18)

07 FEBRUARY	ماه ربیع الثانی ^ع اتــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
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	5:52	7:12	12:56	6:33	6:45	



قال الامام على على الله عن على الله على الله الله و طَالِبُوْهَا بِأَدَاءُ الْمَفْرُوْضِ عَلَيْهَا، وَ طَالِبُوْهَا بِأَدَاءُ الْمَفْرُوْضِ عَلَيْهَا، وَتَزَوَّدُوا وَتَأَهَّبُوْا قَبُلَ أَنْ تُبُعِثُوْا.

∩ ○ FFBRUARY ≌	م ماهر بعالثان، عِنْ ماهر بعالثان، عِنْ
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فجر	طلوع آفتاب	ظهرين	غروبآفتاب	مغربين
5:52	7:12	12:56	6:34	6:46



فجر

5:51

طلوع آفتاب

7:11

Imam Ali (a.s.) said: Account for your selves through their deeds, demand the fulfillment of obligations from them, ask them to obtain perpetuity from annihilation, obtain provisions for the journey, and be well prepared before being raised up again. (Mizanul Hikmat, Tradition 3832)

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23:00

قال الامام على الله : قَيِّدُوْ ا أَنْفُسَكُمْ بِالْمُحَاسَبَةِ وَامْلِكُوْ هَا بِالْمُخَالَفَةِ ـ

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فجر	طلوع آفتاب	ظهرين	غروبآفتاب	مغربين	
5:51	7:11	12:56	6:35	6:47	



Imam Ali (a.s.) said: Restrict your selves through self-accounting and control them through opposing them.

(Mizanul Hikmat, Tradition 3833)

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وَإِنْ تُبُدُوْ امَا فِي أَنْفُسِكُمْ أَوْ تُخَفُونُهُ يُحَاسِبُكُمْ بِعِ اللهُ (البقرهُ ٢٨٢)

And whether you manifest what is in your minds or hide it, Allah will call you to account according to it. (Surah Baqarah 2:284)

account according to it. (Su	rah Baqarah 2:284)
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فجر	طلوع آفتاب	ظهرين	غروبآفتاب	مغربين
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What is recognition of Imam (a.s.)?

Every statement of the Holy Prophet (s.a.w.s.) is like divine revelation and divine revelation can never be wrong. Therefore, in the light of this reliable tradition, there would be an Imam in every period, gaining whose recognition is absolutely necessary. This tradition is recorded by Ahle Sunnat as well as Shia scholars and traditionists. That is why it has gained such popularity. However, as much this tradition is common, as much oppressed it is. That is everyone repeats the wording, but forgets its conclusion. As its implication is the first victim and first Imam when he stated:

"They argued with the tree, but spoiled the fruits."

Come let us see what this recognition of Imam (a.s.) is?

That is knowing that rank and position which Almighty Allah bestowed him. Allah deemed him as His Caliph and representative on the earth.¹

He is pure of every sin and mistake.²

His obedience is obligatory on all.³

It is necessary to give preference to his wish over our wishes.⁴

To submit before his every command and not to doubt any of his judgment.⁵

To regard him as a witness on our every act and thought.⁶

Such recognition of Imam Zamana (a.s.) definitely obtains the guarantee of the reformation of the soul and intellect.

¹ Surah Bagarah 2:30.

² Surah Ahzab 33:33.

³ Surah Nisa 4:95.

⁴ Surah Ahzab 33:6.

⁵ Surah Ahzab 33:63.

⁶ Surah Bagarah 2:143.



Enjoining good and forbidding evil

Calling towards truth and confronting mischief is the great religious duty and is like a social armor, which protects the population. Allah, the Mighty and the High has deemed it to be the necessary quality of believer men and women.¹ Imam Reza (a.s.) said:

"Practice enjoining of good and forbidding evil, otherwise transgressors, criminals and evil people would overpower you. Then your (nice people's) supplications will also not be answered."²

The leader of freedom, chief of martyrs (a.s.) declared that the objective of his uprising was nothing, but enjoining of good and forbidding evil and reforming the community of Holy Prophet (s.a.w.s.). Thus, he bestowed precedence to enjoining good and forbidding evil over all the laws of Islam.

There are two stages of enjoining good and forbidding evil: individual and social. If we see in the individual position, it is command of God.

All people are in loss, except those, who adopted faith and who advise others of truth and patience.

The second stage has a social aspect, in which it is the obligation of a group that they should promote the practical laws of Islam and restrain people from sinful acts. The Holy Prophet (s.a.w.s.) used to say:

"When people of my Ummah start transferring the duty of enjoining good and forbidding evil on one another, then they should declare war on Allah."³

In spreading righteousness, calling towards God and in confronting mischief, purity of aim is the basic condition and except for need, on every occasion, one should give preference to peace. Now, who

¹ Surah Taubah 9:71.

² Wasailush Shia, Vol. 16, Chap. 10.

³ Wasailush Shia, Vol. 11.



is supposed to enjoin good and forbid evil? Imam Ja'far Sadiq (a.s.) says:

"Without any doubt only that one enjoins good and forbids evil, who the following three qualities:

- 1. Who is aware of what he enjoins. [and should practice it], and he should himself refrain from what he forbids.
- 2. He should be moderate in enjoining and forbidding [and not be extremely harsh].
- 3. He should be lenient in enjoining good and forbidding evil."1

An important point, which should be remembered is that whenever one practices enjoining of good and forbidding evil with a faithful, one should call the attention of the strength of faith present in him from before. If we see the practice of Allah, the Mighty and High, He says:

- لَلِيُهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

"O you who believe!" (Surah Jumua 62:9)

تِمِيُوا الصَّلَاةَ

"...keep up prayer..." (Surah Muzzammil 73:20)

Allah has called us to the power of faith present in us from before; that now since you have the power of faith, what is the problem in praying and spending on the way of God?

Regarding the reward of 'enjoining good and forbidding evil', Amirul Momineen (a.s.) says:

Messenger of Allah (s.a.w.s.) said in a tradition that: "One, who enjoins good and forbids evil, or guides others to righteousness or only points towards good, he is also an equal partner in that goodness."²

² Khisal, Shaykh Saduq, Vol. 1, Pg. 152; Wasailush Shia, Vol. 1, Pg. 398.

¹ Mishkatul Anwaar fee Ghuraril Akhbaar, Vol. 1, Pg. 132, Ali Tabarsi.



قال على السِّلام:

حَاسِبَ نَفْسَكَ لِنَفْسِكَ فَإِنَّ غَيْرَهَا مِنَ الْأَنْفُسِ لَهَا حَسِيْبٌ غَيْرُكَ.

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6:36

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طلوع آفتاب

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فجر

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Imam Ali (a.s.) said: Take self-account of your selves, because someone else is going to take account of it.

(Mizanul Hikmat, Tradition 3836)

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5:50	7:10	12:56	6:37	6:49	



قال الامام على بن الحسين الله

يَا ابْنَ اكْمَرَلَا تَزَالُ بِغَيْرٍ مَا كَانَ لَكَ وَاعِظُّ مِنْ نَفْسِكَ وَمَا كَانَتِ الْمُحَاسَبَةُ مِنْ هَيِّك

On the auspicious occasion of the birth anniversary of

15 FEBRUARY S





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Lady Zainab (s	s.a.) we present fe	licitations to the holy	court of	06:00

His Eminence, Imam Mahdi (a.s.).

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فجر	طلوع أفتاب	ظهرين	غروبأفتاب	مغربين
5:49	7:09	12:56	6:37	6:49



O son of Adam, you will remain in well being as long as your advisor is from your self and as long your intention would be to have complete self-accounting. (Mizanul Hikmat, Tradition 3834)

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قالرسول الله على: حَاسِبُوْا أَنْفُسَكُمْ قَبْلَ أَنْ تُعَاسَبُوْا ـ

His Eminence, Imam Mahdi (a.s.).

17 FEBRUARY SWEDNESDAY



On the auspicious occasion of the birth anniversary of

Lady Zainab (s.a.) we present felicitations to the holy court of 06:00

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طلوع آفتاب ظهرين غروبآفتاب فجر مغربين 5:48 7:08 12:56 6:39 6:51



The Messenger of Allah (s.a.w.s.) said:
Account for your own selves, before your account is taken.
(Mizanul Hikmat, Tradition 3838)



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فجر	طلوع آفتاب	ظهرين	غروبآفتاب	مغربين
5:47	7:07	12:56	6:39	6:51



قال الامام الصادق الله: فَحَاسِبُوا أَنْفُسَكُمْ قَبْلَ أَنْ تُحَاسَبُوا .

Imam Ja'far Sadiq (a.s.) said: So, take self-account of your selves, before your account is taken. (Mizanul Hikmat, Tradition 3839)

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طلوع آفتاب

7:06

فجر

5:46



How to gain recognition of Imam (a.s.)? (1)

There are two sources of gaining the true recognition of Imam (a.s.):

- (1) The holy verses of Quran.
- (2) Illuminated traditions of the Holy Imams (a.s.).

Imam Zainul Abideen (a.s.) says: "Indeed our Qaim (a.s.) has two occultations: one of them longer than the other. The second occultation would be so long that most of those, who believe in his Imamate, would turn away from that belief. They would not remain steadfast on his Imamate, except those, who have a firm certainty, who have correct recognition, whose hearts are not hard to accept our commands and who are submissive to us, Ahle Bayt (a.s.)."

Surrender: It is not possible to gain the recognition of Imam without surrendering to him. Imam Ja'far Sadiq (a.s.) said: "There is no recognition (*Marifat*) till there is correct recognition (*Marifat*)." And till you don't submit to Imam (a.s.), you won't be able to testify for him. Thus, submission is condition of recognition (*Marifat*) and condition of testimony.

Love: Submission is the condition of love and love is necessary requirement of faith. Imam Ja'far Sadiq (a.s.) said: "There is a worship better than every worship act and love towards us, Ahle Bayt (a.s.) is the best worship act."

Weeping in intensity of love: Imam Ja'far Sadiq (a.s.) said: "By God, your Imam would remain in a long occultation and the eyes of believers would be weeping in his separation."

Loving friends of Imam (a.s.) and enmity to his enemies.

Solving the problems of the partisans of Imam (a.s.).

Attending gatherings, in which Imam (a.s.) is remembered.



Recommended fast

Importance: Fasting is a very effective worship act for purification of self. A large number of traditions have come down regarding importance of fasting; as Holy Prophet (s.a.w.s.) said:

"Salvation is guaranteed for one, who keeps a recommended fast for divine rewards."

It is mentioned in Hadith Qudsi that:

"Acts of righteous carry rewards from ten to seven hundred, except for fasting for My sake; which I would personally reward."

It is impossible for creatures to estimate the rewards of an act, which God would recompense personally. It can be estimated from the fact that even a lofty personality like lady Maryam (a.s.) wished to return to the world to earn rewards of recommended fasts.

Effects: Fasting helps in purification of self from sins and ill manners and helps in adopting piety and abstemiousness. Almighty Allah says in Holy Quran:

"O you who believe! fasting is prescribed for you...so that you may guard (against evil)." (Surah Baqarah 2:183)

It is mentioned in traditional reports that on the night of ascension (*Meraj*), Messenger of Allah (s.a.w.s.) asked Almighty Allah:

"My Lord, which is the first worship act?" Almighty Allah replied: "First worship act is remaining silent and fasting. That is to keep quiet, except for speaking good.

Fasting leads to divine proximity, creates sincerity in man and trains the self. It is mentioned in traditional reports that breathing and sleeping of one, who is fasting are also worship



acts. The element of ostentation is rarely found in fasting. Apart from this, fasting has numerous physical benefits as well. Man consumes food every day, due to which his stomach is in continuous movement. Fasting enables the stomach to rest and the additional matter that collects in the human body, is expelled, by which a person becomes free from numerous diseases. Fasting is not only the spiritual force to reduce obesity, on the contrary it also makes us perceptive to the hungry and thirsty; and persuades us to render help to them.

Aim: Imam Hasan Askari (a.s.) was asked why Almighty Allah made fasting obligatory? He (a.s.) replied:

"So that the rich may experience hunger and assist the poor."

Conditions: If the fast is observed with the same condition and method, which Shariah has fixed, then fasting is a very valuable and important worship act, because fasting is not only abstaining from food and water. True fasting is that, in which all the organs shun sinful acts [that is the eye, ear, tongue, hands and feet]. Such a fast is the distinguishing quality of servants of God and more excellent than this is the fast of special servants of God, who in addition of shunning those things, keep their heart pure of thoughts, which prevent one from remembrance of God.

May Almighty Allah, for the sake of Imam Zamana (a.s.) bestow us the good sense (*Taufeeq*) of becoming true keepers of fasts. Amen.

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¹ Biharul Anwar, Vol. 93, Pg. 369.



قالرسول الله ﷺ: وَزِّنُوُهَا قَبُلَ اَنْ تُوَزَّنُوا ۖ وَتَجَهَّزُوا لِلْعَرَضِ الْأَكْبَرِ ـ

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فجر	طلوع آفتاب	ظهرين	غروبآفتاب	مغربين
5:46	7:06	12:56	6:39	6:51



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The Messenger of Allah (s.a.w.s.) said: Adjudge your deeds before your deeds are adjudged (by Allah) and be prepared for an important appearance (in the court of Allah). (Mizanul Hikmat, Tradition 3838)

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	فجر	طلوع آفتاب	ظهرين	غروبآفتاب	مغربین
	5:45	7:05	12:57	6:39	6:52

23:00 24:00



قالرسول الله ﷺ: حَاسِبُوْا اَنْفُسَكُمْ قَبْلَ اَنْ تُحَاسَبُوْا، وَمَقِّدُوالَهَا قَبْلَ اَنْ تُعَذَّبُوا ، وَاللهِ اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَ

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غروبآفتاب

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مغربين

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طلوع آفتاب

7:04

فجر

5:44



The Messenger of Allah (s.a.w.s.) said: Take account for your selves before your account is taken. Prepare your selves for (good) deeds, before getting chastised and obtain provisions before commencement of the journey.

(Mizanul Hikmat, Tradition 3840)

23 FEBRUARY

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طلوع آفتاب

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we present condolence to the court of His Eminenc	e, 06:00
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مغربین 6:53



قالرسولالله : يَا اَبَاذْرِ ! حَاسِبْ نَفْسَكَ قَبْلَ اَنْ تُحَاسَب فَهُوَ اَهُون لِحِسَابِكَ غَلاً ـ

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فجر	طلوع آفتاب	ظهرين	غروبآفتاب	مغربين
5:43	7:03	12:57	6:41	6:53



The Messenger of Allah (s.a.w.s.) said: O Abu Zar, take self-account of your self, before its account is taken; as this will create ease in your accounting.

(Mizanul Hikmat, Tradition 3841)

25	FEBRUARY
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On the auspicious occasion of the birth anniversary of	05:00
Imam Zainul Aabideen (a.s.), we present felicitations to the court	06:00
of the last Proof (Hujjat), of Allah, His Eminence, Imam Mahdi (a.s.)	07:00
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فجر	طلوع آفتاب	ظهرين	غروبآفتاب	مغربين
5:42	7:02	12:56	6:41	6:53



قال على اللهُ: تَمَرَةُ البُحَاسَبَةِ صَلَاحُ النَّفْسِ

Imam Ali (a.s.) said: The fruit of self-accounting is reformation of the self. (Mizanul Hikmat, Tradition 3851)

(Mizanul Hikmat, Traditi	on 3851)
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فجر

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How to gain recognition of Imam (a.s.)? (2)

Knowledge: Learning the sciences of Aale Muhammad (a.s.) and teaching them, is a means of gaining recognition of Imam (a.s.)? Imam Ja'far Sadiq (a.s.) said:

"Go out to meet each other and discuss religious issues (traditions), because through our traditions, smeared hearts become pure and our matter is enlivened. And may God have mercy on one, who enlivens our matter."

Awaiting: Waiting for reappearance of Imam Zamana (a.s.) is tradition of Messenger of Allah (s.a.w.s.):

"Awaiting for reappearance is the best of worships." 1

Regarding reappearance of Imam (a.s.) to be near.

To have certainty and remind others about reappearance.

The awaiter should have intention of assisting Imam (a.s.).

Supplication: Praying for an early reappearance of Imam (a.s.) is very important.

The feeling of his presence: In his epistle, Imam Asr (a.s.) said to Shaykh Mufeed:

"We are aware of what passes over you, your news is not concealed from us; we do not neglect your protection and we are not forgetful of your remembrance."

Piety: During occultation, believers should observe the practices of prophet (a.s.).

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¹ Kamaluddin, Vol. 1, Pg. 287.



Refrain from glancing at unrelated person of opposite sex

It is unlawful for man to glance at the body and hair of unrelated females. In the same way, it is unlawful for females to glance at the body of unrelated males, even though it might not be with intention of deriving pleasure nor there is any risk of falling into unlawful acts. The perfection of a believer lady is that she must remain secure from glances of unrelated males. Thus, Lady Fatima Zahra (s.a.), in reply to the query that what is the best thing for a woman, said: "The best thing for a woman is that neither should any unrelated male glance at her nor she must glance at any unrelated male."

It definitely does not mean that woman must remain at home, on the contrary, when she leaves the house, she must survey her garments carefully, lest any corner is attracting the attention of lustful individuals. In the same way, if she is at home, she must keep herself completely secure from unrelated males. In our society, due to absence of spiritual mode of life and correct Islamic training, when a person enters adulthood, the males are victims of lustful views and females have given up modest Islamic dress. There are two reasons for this.

Firstly, a great means of glancing at unrelated persons of the opposite sex is present in our home in the form of television, in which one can see multitudes of unrelated males and females all day long. There is hardly a channel in a hundred, which observes Islamic values. Also, in the developed times of today, misuse of computer, internet, phone etc. create misplaced attraction.

Secondly, majority of people of the society are unaware of what "unrelated" means. If they are asked what unrelated means, they will say that it is a stranger not related to us in any way. Thus, wife of brother, husband's brother, wife's sister, husband of father's sister, husband of mother's



brother, cousins are not regarded as strangers (*Namehram*). Whereas *Mehram* persons are only, who are mentioned in Surah Nisa 4:23. As for our social system, they are indeed regarded as our close relatives, but veiling from them is obligatory as well. In these circumstances, it is really very difficult to follow this command. Although it is a grace from Almighty Allah that as much it is difficult to act upon a rule, as much is the reward for the same. It is the statement of infallible (a.s.) that:

"If a believer refrains from glancing at an unrelated female due to fear of God, and he casts down his glance, as much particles his glance covers, as much reward would be written for him."

O God, You are concealer of defects. Through the right of Imam Zamana (a.t.f.s.), give us good sense (*Taufeeq*) to purify our glances, so that we may be able to see the elegance of Imam Zamana (a.s.). Amen.



قال رسولُ الله صلى اللهُ عليه وآله وسلم: لا يَكُونُ الْعَبْلُ مُؤْمِنًا حَتَّى يُحَاسِبَ نَفْسَهُ ٱشَدَّمِنُ هُحَاسَبَةِ الشَّرِيْكِ شَرِيْكَهُ وَالسَّيِّدِ عَبْدَهُ

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کوئی بندہ اس وقت تک مومن نہیں ہوسکتا جب تک وہ اپنی ذات کااس قدر سخت محاسب بدنہ کر سے جیسا کہ تو ئی (شریک اسپیز شریک کا'یا کوئی مولا اسپیز غلام کا'بلکہ اس سے بھی زیاد ہسخت _ (میزان انحکمت ٔ صدیث ۳۸۴۲)

28 FEBRUARY SUNDAY	ماهجمادی الاولیٰ ج اتــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	11
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فجر	طلوع آفتاب	ظهرين	غروبآفتاب	مغربين	
5:40	7:00	12:54	6:42	6:54	



يَاكَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ امْنُوا اتَّقُوْا اللهَ وَلْتَنْظُرْ نَفْسٌ مَّا قَسَّمَتْ لِغَدٍ. (الحشر: ١٨)

O you who believe! Fear Allah, and let everyone consider what he or she has sent on for the hereafter. (Surah Hashr 59:18)

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